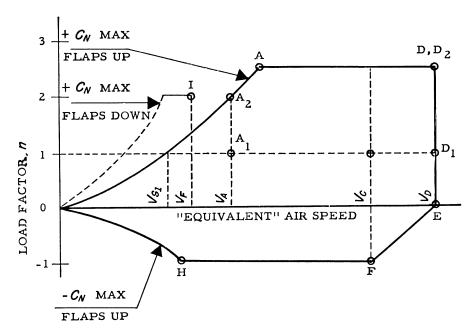
n is the positive load factor at the speed under consideration; and V is the airplane equivalent speed in knots.

[Doc. No. 5066, 29 FR 18291, Dec. 24, 1964, as amended by Amdt. 25–23, 35 FR 5672, Apr. 8, 1970; Amdt. 25–46, 43 FR 50594, Oct. 30, 1978; 43 FR 52495, Nov. 13, 1978; 43 FR 54082, Nov. 20, 1978; Amdt. 25–72, 55 FR 29775, July 20, 1990; 55 FR 37607, Sept. 12, 1990; Amdt. 25–86, 61 FR 5220, Feb. 9, 1996; Amdt. 25–91, 62 FR 40704, July 29, 1997]

§25.333 Flight maneuvering envelope.

- (a) General. The strength requirements must be met at each combination of airspeed and load factor on and within the boundaries of the representative maneuvering envelope (V-n diagram) of paragraph (b) of this section. This envelope must also be used in determining the airplane structural operating limitations as specified in §25.1501.
 - (b) Maneuvering envelope.



[Doc. No. 5066, 29 FR 18291, Dec. 24, 1964, as amended by Amdt. 25–86, 61 FR 5220, Feb. 9, 1996]

§25.335 Design airspeeds.

The selected design airspeeds are equivalent airspeeds (EAS). Estimated values of V_{S0} and V_{S1} must be conservative.

- (a) Design cruising speed, $V_{C.}$ For $V_{C.}$ the following apply:
- (1) The minimum value of V_C must be sufficiently greater than V_B to provide for inadvertent speed increases likely to occur as a result of severe atmospheric turbulence.
- (2) Except as provided in §25.335(d)(2), V_C may not be less than $V_B+1.32~U_{REF}$ (with U_{REF} as specified in §25.341(a)(5)(i)). However V_C need not exceed the maximum speed in level flight at maximum continuous power for the corresponding altitude.
- (3) At altitudes where V_D is limited by Mach number, V_C may be limited to a selected Mach number.
- (b) Design dive speed, V_D . V_D must be selected so that V_C/M_C is not greater than 0.8 V_D/M_D , or so that the minimum speed margin between V_C/M_C and